# AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

# STROUD SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2023



# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54 LINCOLN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2023

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# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54 LINCOLN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2023

## **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

President	Jerred Eversole
Vice-President	Ben Johnson
Member	Bryan Dervin
Member	Kathy Moore
Member	J.P. Morris

# SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

Joe Van Tuyl

# TREASURER

Carrol Crass

## ENCUMBRANCE CLERK

Kim Beck



JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Stroud School District No. 1-054 Stroud, Oklahoma 74079

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis of Stroud School District No. I-054, Stroud, Oklahoma (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the following paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2023, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered, of each fund type, for the year then ended, on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the previous paragraph, the basic financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Stroud School District No. I-054, Lincoln County, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2023, or the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

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We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Stroud School District No. I-054, Stroud, Oklahoma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed assets account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the Stroud School District No. I-054, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

- 4 -116 West Breckenridge Ave, Bixby, OK 74008 Phone: 918.366.4440 Fax: 918.366.4443 WWW.JENKINSKEMPER.COM

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note 1, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

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Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund statements, regulatory basis, listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purpose of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated February 7, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jenkons & Kumper; LPAS P.C.

Jenkins & Kemper Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

February 7, 2024

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**COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS** 

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#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES -REGULATORY BASIS - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2023

GENERAL	GOVERNMENTA SPECIAL REVENUE	AL FUND TYPES DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES EXPENDABLE TRUST AND AGENCY FUND	ACCOUNT GROUP GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMO. ONLY)
\$ 8,811,146 20,716,654	3,125,768	254,264	153,655	253,704		12,598,537 20,716,654
					254,264	254,264
					35,514,626	35,514,626
29,527,800	3,125,768	254,264	153,655	253,704	35,768,890	69,084,081
854,618	158,635			253,704		1,013,253 253,704
	\$ 8,811,146 20,716,654	SPECIAL           GENERAL         REVENUE           \$ 8,811,146         3,125,768           20,716,654         3,125,768           29,527,800         3,125,768	GENERAL         REVENUE         SERVICE           \$ 8,811,146         3,125,768         254,264           20,716,654         3,125,768         254,264           29,527,800         3,125,768         254,264	SPECIAL         DEBT         CAPITAL           GENERAL         REVENUE         SERVICE         PROJECTS           \$ 8,811,146         3,125,768         254,264         153,655           20,716,654         3,125,768         254,264         153,655           29,527,800         3,125,768         254,264         153,655	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES SPECIAL         EUND TYPES DEBT         EXPENDABLE TRUST AND AGENCY FUND           GENERAL         REVENUE         SERVICE         PROJECTS         AGENCY FUND           \$ 8,811,146 20,716,654         3,125,768         254,264         153,655         253,704           29,527,800         3,125,768         254,264         153,655         253,704           854,618         158,635         158,635         153,655         253,704	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES SPECIAL         GROUP DEBT         GROUP EXPENDABLE TRUST AND AGENCY FUND         GROUP GENERAL LONG-TERM           GENERAL         REVENUE         SERVICE         PROJECTS         AGENCY FUND         DEBT           \$ 8,811,146 20,716,654         3,125,768         254,264         153,655         253,704         254,264           20,716,654         29,527,800         3,125,768         254,264         153,655         253,704         35,514,626           29,527,800         3,125,768         254,264         153,655         253,704         35,768,890           854,618         158,635         158,635         253,704         35,768,890         35,768,890

Tundo neta for senoor organizations							
Long-term debt:							
Bonds payable						4,075,000	4,075,000
Capital leases	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					31,693,890	31,693,890
Total liabilities	854,618	158,635	÷.	<u> </u>	253,704	35,768,890	37,035,847
Fund balances							

Restricted for:							
Capital projects				153,655			153,655
Debt service			254,264				254,264
Child nutrition		246,674					246,674
Building		2,692,723					2,692,723
Со-ор		27,736					27,736
Unassigned	28,673,182						28,673,182
Total fund balances	28,673,182	2,967,133	254,264	153,655	-		32,048,234
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 29,527,800	3,125,768	254,264	153,655	253,704	35,768,890	69,084,081

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2023

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		GOVERNMENTA	Contraction of the second s		TOTALO
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTALS (MEMO, ONLY)
Revenues					(
Local sources	\$ 11,720,132	1,722,257	4,193,392		17,635,781
Intermediate sources	373,577				373,577
State sources	1,662,605	133,185	93		1,795,883
Federal sources	1,021,832	339,270			1,361,102
Non-revenue receipts	200		1,589		1,789
Total revenues	14,778,346	2,194,712	4,195,074		21,168,132
Expenditures					
Instruction	6,434,879	49,380			6,484,259
Support services	5,690,750				5,690,750
Operation of non-instructional services	43,417	557,967			601,384
Facilities, acquisition and const. services	46,000	1,865,870		4,030,223	5,942,093
Other outlays	200				200
Debt service			4,119,825		4,119,825
Total expenditures	12,215,246	2,473,217	4,119,825	4,030,223	22,838,511
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,563,100	(278,505)	75,249	(4,030,223)	(1,670,379)
Other financing sources (uses) Bond proceeds				3,993,500	3,993,500
Revenue and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	2,563,100	(278,505)	75,249	(36,723)	2,323,121
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	26,110,082	3,245,638	179,015	190,378	29,725,113
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 28,673,182	2,967,133	254,264	153,655	32,048,234

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - BUDGETED GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	GENERAL FUND					
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		
Revenues						
Local sources	\$	10,071,725	10,071,725	11,720,132		
Intermediate sources		392,496	392,496	373,577		
State sources		1,593,418	1,593,418	1,662,605		
Federal sources		459,195	459,195	1,021,832		
Non-revenue receipts	<u>.</u>			200		
Total revenues		12,516,834	12,516,834	14,778,346		
Expenditures Instruction Support services Operation of non-instructional services Facilities acquisitions and construction Other outlays Non-categorical Total expenditures		<u>38,626,916</u> 38,626,916	38,626,916	6,434,879 5,690,750 43,417 46,000 200 12,215,246		
Total expenditures		30,020,910	30,020,910	12,213,240		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(26,110,082)	(26,110,082)	2,563,100		
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		26,110,082	26,110,082	26,110,082		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	-	<u>.</u>	28,673,182		

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - ALL BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
	(	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		
Revenues						
Local sources	\$	1,487,691	1,487,691	1,722,257		
State sources		93,711	93,711	133,185		
Federal sources		348,874	348,874	339,270		
Total revenues		1,930,276	1,930,276	2,194,712		
Expenditures						
Instruction		49,855	49,855	49,380		
Operation of non-instructional services				557,967		
Facilities acquisitions and construction		4,376,878	4,376,878	1,865,870		
Non-categorical		749,181	749,181			
Total expenditures		5,175,914	5,175,914	2,473,217		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,245,638)	(3,245,638)	(278,505)		
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	<u> </u>	3,245,638	3,245,638	3,245,638		
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$		<b>.</b>	2,967,133		

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	DEBT SERVICE FUND						
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL			
Revenues							
Local sources	\$	3,940,810	3,940,810	4,193,392			
State sources				93			
Non-revenue receipts				1,589			
Total revenues		3,940,810	3,940,810	4,195,074			
Expenditures Other outlays							
Debt service		4,119,825	4,119,825	4,119,825			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(179,015)	(179,015)	75,249			
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		179,015	179,015	179,015			
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$		<u> </u>	254,264			

# NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -REGULATORY BASIS

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### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Stroud Public Schools Independent District No. I-54 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting as prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes.

The District is part of the public-school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public-school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. The Parent Teacher Association (PTA) is not included in the reporting entity. The District does not appoint any of the board members or exercise any oversight authority over the PTA.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - The special revenue funds are the District's building, co-op and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building fund consists of monies derived property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for the school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### B. Fund Accounting - contd.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> - The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment.

## Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service funds). The District has no proprietary fund types.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under a trust agreement, either a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust fund is used depending on whether there is an obligation to maintain trust principal. Agency funds are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

#### B. Fund Accounting - contd.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> - Expendable trust funds include the gifts and endowments fund, medical insurance fund, worker's compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund. The District did not maintain any expendable trust funds during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

<u>Gifts Fund</u> - The gifts fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> - The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> - The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> - The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> - The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the student and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, in collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### Account Group

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> - This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases), which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

## B. Fund Accounting - contd.

## Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements - regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

## C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments.* This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments and inventories are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.
- Accrued compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is incurred.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which requires revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred for proprietary fund types and trust funds.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

## D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

The District may upon approval by a majority of the electors of the District voting on the question make the ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy permanent.

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal budget is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories.

# E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances

<u>Cash</u> - Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest-bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, bank and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the district. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> - The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2023 is not material to the combined financial statements-regulatory basis.

Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment - The General Fixed Asset Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> - Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

## *E.* Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances – contd.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> - The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> - Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other co-curricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the district, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

Long-Term Debt - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase order, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for special purposes versus availability of appropriations. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in *spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

## E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances – contd.

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

- **Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Committed** fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment. The School Board is the highest level of decision-making authority of the School District.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund* that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.
- **Unassigned** fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

### F. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> - Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

## F. Revenue and Expenditures- contd.

1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes are due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owned. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include interest earnings, tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state, and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors\_disclosed by review. Normally such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

### F. Revenue and Expenditures- contd.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> - Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass-through from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> - Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> - Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> - Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> - Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

## F. Revenue and Expenditures - contd.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> - Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

<u>Other Outlays/Uses Expenditures</u> - A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest) when applicable. Other uses include scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditure for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third-party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> - Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Inter-fund Transactions</u> - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditure/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other inter-fund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no inter-fund transfers made during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

# 2. Deposits and Investments

# Custodial Credit Risk

On June 30, 2023, the District held deposits of approximately \$33,315,191 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

# 2. Deposits and Investments - contd.

## Investment Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Investment Credit Risk

The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposits or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers' acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipations notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).

Туре	Weighted Average Maturity (Months)	Market	Value		<u>Cost</u>
Investments					
Money Market		\$	0	\$	0
Municipal tax-supported money judgment	ts		0		0
Certificate of Deposit	6	_20,71	6,654	_20,71	16,654
Total investments		\$ 20,71	6,654	\$ 20,7	16,654

The investments held at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

### 2. Deposits and Investments - contd.

#### Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District has the following of credit risk: 0% in Money Market funds, 0% in Municipal tax-supported money judgments and 100% in CDs (\$20,716,654).

### 3. General Long-term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of building bonds payable and two (2) capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Bonds	Capital	
	Payable	Leases	Totals
Balance, July 1, 2022	\$ 4,075,000	34,134,713	38,209,713
Additions	4,075,000	-	4,075,000
Retirements	4,075,000	2,440,823	6,515,823
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 4,075,000	31,693,890	35,768,890

# 3. General Long-term Debt - contd.

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A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2023 is set forth below:

	Amount outstanding
General Obligation Bonds	
Building Bonds, Series 2022, original issue \$4,075,000, interest rate of 3.15%, due in one installment of \$4,075,000, due 7/1/24;	\$ 4,075,000
<u>Capital Leases</u> Lease agreement for real property, dated 12-1-16, totaling \$38,575,000, interest rate of 4.84%, due in annual principal and interest installments of various amounts beginning 9-1-17, with the final payment due 9-1-32;	31,685,000
Lease agreement for copy equipment, dated 10-9-18, totaling \$119,370, interest rate of 4.86%, due in monthly principal and interest installments of \$2,245 beginning 11-9-18, with the final payment due 10-1-23;	8,890
Total	\$ 35,768,890

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of bond principal, and payment of interest are as follows:

Year ending				
June 30	Principal		Interest	Total
2024	\$	Ξ.	128,363	128,363
2025	4,07	75,000	128,363	4,203,363
Totals	\$ 4,07	75,000	256,726	4,331,726

There was \$44,825 interest paid on general long-term debt incurred during the current year.

## 3. General Long-term Debt - contd.

The annual debt service requirements for capital lease principal, and interest are as follows: Year ending

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 2,543,890	1,520,840	4,064,730
2025	2,670,000	1,394,000	4,064,000
2026	2,775,000	1,268,500	4,043,500
2027	2,890,000	1,185,250	4,075,250
2028	3,040,000	1,040,750	4,080,750
2029-2033	17,775,000	2,757,250	20,532,250
Totals	\$ 31,693,890	9,166,590	40,860,480

#### 4. Employee Retirement System

#### **Plan Description**

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the board of trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, P.O. Box 53524, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling (405) 521-2387.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

#### 4. Employee Retirement System – contd.

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employees who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension liability amount is not required to be presented on the financial statements.

#### **Funding Policy**

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Beginning, July 1, 2010, the District and State were required to contribute 14.5% of applicable compensation. Contributions received by the System are from a percentage of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.5% beginning January 1, 2010 and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining 5.0% during the year. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, the District is required to match the retirement paid on salaries that are funded with federal funds.

#### Annual Pension Cost

The District's portion of the total contributions for 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$592,653, \$543,823, and \$490,377, respectively.

#### 5. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## 6. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public official's liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## 7. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the audit report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – REGULATORY BASIS - COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENT

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	BUILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTALS (MEMO. ONLY)
Cash Total assets	\$ 2,813,003 2,813,003	27,736 27,736	285,029 285,029	3,125,768 3,125,768
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	ES			
Liabilities Warrants payable	120,280		38,355	158,635
Fund Balances Restricted	2,692,723	27,736	246,674	2,967,133
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,813,003	27,736	285,029	3,125,768

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	BUILDING FUND	CO-OP FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTALS (MEMO. ONLY)
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 1,620,497		101,760	1,722,257
State sources	36	77,116	56,033	133,185
Federal sources			339,270	339,270
Total revenues	1,620,533	77,116	497,063	2,194,712
Expenditures				
Instruction		49,380		49,380
Operation of non-instructional services			557,967	557,967
Facilities, acquisition and const. services	1,865,870			1,865,870
Total expenditures	1,865,870	49,380	557,967	2,473,217
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(245,337)	27,736	(60,904)	(278,505)
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	2,938,060		307,578	3,245,638
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,692,723	27,736	246,674	2,967,133

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -- REGULATORY BASIS - ALL BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	E	UILDING FUND			CO-OP FUND		CHIL	D NUTRITION FU	ND
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues									
Local sources	\$ 1,438,818	1,438,818	1,620,497				48,873	48,873	101,760
State sources			36	49,855	49,855	77,116	43,856	43,856	56,033
Federal sources							348,874	348,874	339,270
Total revenues	1,438,818	1,438,818	1,620,533	49,855	49,855	77,116	441,603	441,603	497,063
Expenditures Instruction Operation of non-instructional services Facilities acquisitions and construction	4,376,878	4,376,878	1,865,870	49,855	49,855	49,380			557,967
Non-categorical							749,181	749,181	0.00
Total expenditures	4,376,878	4,376,878	1,865,870	49,855	49,855	49,380	749,181	749,181	557,967
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,938,060)	(2,938,060)	(245,337)	÷.	-	27,736	(307,578)	(307,578)	(60,904)
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	2,938,060	2,938,060	2,938,060	<u> </u>	<u></u>	÷.	307,578	307,578	307,578
Cash fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>	2,692,723		<u> </u>	27,736	<u> </u>	-	246,674

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Net <u>Transfers</u>	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023
Assets					
Cash	\$ 223,149	422,211	-	391,656	253,704
Liabilities Funds held for student organizations High School					
Miscellaneous	6,597	23,525	-	22,298	7,824
Football	15,558	17,548	-	15,603	17,503
Boys Basketball	8,008	17,455	-	11,599	13,864
Baseball	4,902	5,406	-	8,339	1,969
FFA	4,912	31,294	( <b>1</b> )	31,669	4,537
FCCLA	784	4,932	2 <b></b>	5,677	39
Yearbook	3,581	10,716	: <u>-</u>	5,352	8,945
Scholarship	7,345	12,300	-	12,000	7,645
Girls Basketball	10,026	24,063		14,651	19,438
Library	1,070	49	-	33 1 <b>4</b> 1	1,119
Petty Cash	-	200	-	200	-
Boys Track	9,208	11,791	-	15,875	5,124
Girls Track	6,343	14,724	-	15,765	5,302
Golf	5,519	5,686	-	3,650	7,555
Softball	12,514	13,713	-	11,999	14,228
Flower Fund	780	386	-	642	524
Renaissance	1,856	-	-	-	1,856
Band	965	15,867	-	13,770	3,062
Vocal	5,046	4,721	-	3,941	5,826
Varsity Cheer	12,142	16,579	-	24,294	4,427
Jr High Cheer	50	÷.		-	50
Academic Club	127	390	-		517
Drama	1,453	-	-	-	1,453
National Honor Society	210	-	-	-	210
Student Council	1,154	6,930	-	7,491	593
Homecoming	4,219	6,526	-	3,793	6,952
Senior Class	400	1,312	-	1,062	650
Junior Class	3,557	2,903	-	3,920	2,540
Concession	10,228	51,322	-	46,304	15,246
Spanish Club	409	-	-	-	409
Sophomore Class	551	297	-	281	567
Freshman Class	124	79	-	-	203
POM Squad	2,059	11,744		8,885	4,918
Gear Up	553	1160 77	-	0,000	553
4-H	2,343	_	-		2,343
BPA	2,060	311		375	1,996
	\$ 4,816	511	-	507	4,309
Big Brother	φ 4,010			007	4,000

### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-54, LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		alance 1, 2022		Additions	T	Net ransfers	Deletions		alance 30, 2023
Middle School	201	1, 2022		riduitions		i unoreno	Denetions	<u>e une</u>	0012020
Miscellaneous	\$	1,042		3,124		3,000	4,116		3,050
Football		115		3,150			2,643		622
Yearbook		9,617		2,387		(3,000)	2,788		6,216
Library		1,742		-		-	-		1,742
Softball		7,532		9,069		-	6,136		10,465
Academic Club		5,330		233		-	628		4,935
Student Council		3,170		11,550		-	8,368		6,352
Baseball		2,204		3,928			4,291		1,841
Cheer		2,972		1,088			2,011		2,049
POM Squad		2,990		7,434		-	5,119		5,305
Basketball		6,796		6,129		( <del>10</del> )	6,094		6,831
Track SMS		6,236		4,655		-	5,537		5,354
Archery/Outdoor Education		8,688		10,762		( <b>11</b> )	10,090		9,360
Elementary School									
Miscellaneous		3,015		61		-	<u> </u>		3,076
Elementary Students		8,054		45,872		-	43,893		10,033
Playground Equipment		2,177	-			•	 		2,177
Total Liabilities	\$ 2	223,149	-	422,211			 391,656		253,704

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Award Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass-through Grantor's Project <u>Number</u>	Program or Award <u>Amount</u>	Beginning Balance 7/1/2022	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures	Ending Balance <u>6/30/2023</u>
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
Title VII Impact Aid	84.041	591	\$ 234,315		234,315	234,315	
Title VII Impact Aid	84.041	592	7,068		7,068	7,068	
Title VI-Part A, Indian Education 2021-22	84.060	799		(3,676)	3,676		
Subtotal - Direct Programs			241,383	(3,676)	245,059	241,383	
Passed Through State Department of Education: Title 1 Cluster:							
Title I-Part A, Improving Basic Programs	84.010	511	205,001		131,573	188,375	(56,802)
Title I-Part D, Delinquent	84.010	532	26,072		22,758	22,758	
Title I-Part D, Delinquent	84.010	799		(5,172)	5,172		
Title II-Part A, Teacher & Principal Training	84.367	541/511	30,951		30,951	30,951	
Title IV-SSAE Grant	84.424A	552/511	11,871	·	11,871	11,871	
Subtotal - Title I Cluster			273,895	(5,172)	202,325	253,955	(56,802)
Title V, Part B Subpart 2-RLIS	84.358B	587	22,697			9,165	(9,165)
* Education Stabilization Funds (Covid19)							
ARP/ESSER III Science of Reading (Covid19)	84.425U	726	1,292		1,292		1,292
ESSER II (Covid19)	84.425D	793	515		515	515	
ESSER II (Covid19) 2021-22	84.425D	799		(42,053)	42,053		
ARP/ESSER III (Covid19)	84.425U	795	1,156,345		462,129	538,690	(76,561)
ARP/ESSER III (Covid19) 2021-22	84.425U	799	4 450 450	(68,459)	68,459		(75.000)
Subtotal - Education Stabilization Funds (Covid)			1,158,152	(110,512)	574,448	539,205	(75,269)
Subtotal - Passed Through State Dept of Education			\$ 1,454,744	(115,684)	776,773	802,325	(141,236)
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed Through State Department of Education:							
P-EBT Program	10.649	760			628	628	

#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1-54, LINCOLN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Pass-through					
	Federal	Grantor's	Program	Beginning			Ending
Federal Grantor/Pass Through	Award Listing	Project	or Award	Balance	Revenue	Total	Balance
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	7/1/2022	Collected	Expenditures	6/30/2023
Child Nutrition Cluster:							
Cash Assistance:							
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	759		20,963	30,919	51,882	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763		171,713	217,456	304,871	84,298
School Breakfast Program	10.553	764		67,156	90,267	105,799	51,624
Cash Assistance Subtotal				259,832	338,642	462,552	135,922
Passed Through State Department of Human Services:							
Non-cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A			36,513	36,513	
Subtotal - Child Nutrition Program (Cluster)				259,832	375,155	499,065	135,922
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 1,696,127	140,472	1,397,615	1,543,401	(5,314)

\* Major federal programs

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$36,513 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount. These commodities are reported at fair market value.

Note 2 - There were no amounts passed to subrecipients.

Note 3 - Grantor provides adequate insurance coverage against loss on assets purchased with Federal Awards.

Note 4 - The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Expenditures are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance. The District has also elected to not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 5 - Expenditures under the Title I Program cluster includes \$30,951 in Title II-Part A and \$11,871 in Title IV-Part A funds that were transferred to the Title I-Part A program.

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	POSITION	BOND	COVERAGE	
BONDING COMPANY	COVERED	NUMBER	<u>AMOUNT</u>	EFFECTIVE DATES
Liberty Mutual Insurance Co.	Superintendent	601032328	\$100,000	6/14/23-6/14/24
Elberty Mutual Insurance Co.	Treasurer	E9741090000	\$100,000	6/30/22-6/30/23
	Encumbrance Clerk	601107891	\$5,000	7/1/22-7/1/23
	Minutes Clerk	601054164	\$1,000	3/25/23-3/25/24
	Payroll Clerk	601118136	\$10,000	7/1/22-7/1/23
RLI Surety	Activity Fund Custodian	LSM1704534	\$10,000	7/1/22-7/1/23
	Activity Fund Custodian	LSM1704521	\$10,000	7/1/22-7/1/23
Western Surety Co.	Activity Fund Custodian	65528037	\$10,000	7/1/22-7/1/23



JENKINS & KEMPER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Stroud School District No. I-054 Stroud, Oklahoma 74079

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis as listed in the Table of Contents, of Stroud School District No. I-054, Stroud, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 7, 2024. This report was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts and did not conform to the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jenkins & Kumper, CPA'S P.C.

Jenkins & Kemper Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

February 7, 2024



**JENKINS & KEMPER** 

JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

## CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Stroud School District No. I-054 Stroud, Oklahoma 74079

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Stroud School District No. I-054, Stroud, Oklahoma's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Stroud School District No. I-054, Stroud, Oklahoma complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (The Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Stroud School District No. I-054, Stroud, Oklahoma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment

made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
  procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the
  District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as
  we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in
  accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control* over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal program will not be prevented, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jenkons & Kumper, UPAS P.C.

Jenkins & Kemper Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

February 7, 2024

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JULY 1, 2022 TO JUNE 30, 2023

## Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an adverse opinion on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and a qualified opinion for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District were reported during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance"
- 5. An unqualified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major federal award programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings and questioned costs, which are required to be reported under the Uniform Guidance.
- 7. Major Programs Identified: Child Nutrition (10.553,10.555) and Education Stabilization Fund (84.425D,84.425U) programs, which were each clustered in the determination.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The District did not qualify to be a low-risk auditee.

# Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None.

# Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None.

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JULY 1, 2022 TO JUNE 30, 2023

# 22-01 - General Fund Reimbursing Activity Funds

During the 2021-22 fiscal year, the District reimbursed the Activity Fund from General Funds. This issue did not appear to have continued during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

# 22-02 - Activity Fund Payments to Employees

During the 2021-22 fiscal year, several employees were paid for work at extracurricular activities through the Activity Fund instead of being paid through payroll, with taxes withheld. This issue did not appear to have continued during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-54, LINCOLN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2022 TO JUNE 30, 2023

State of Oklahoma County of Tulsa

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The undersigned auditing firm representative of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Stroud School District for the audit year 2022-23.

Jenkins & Kemper, CPAs, P.C. AUDITING FIRM BY 4 utto AUTHORIZED AGENT

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this 7Th day of, February , 2024

NOTARY PUBLIC

